SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Mercuric Chloride, ACS

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name: 

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25423

Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:
AquaPhoenix Scientific
9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

Supplier Details:
Fisher Science Education
15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

Emergency telephone number:
Fisher Science Education  Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:

- **Toxic**
  - Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation), category 1
  - Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation), category 2

- **Environmentally Damaging**
  - Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment, category 2
  - Acute hazards to the aquatic environment, category 1

- **Corrosive**
  - Skin corrosion, category 1B
  - Serious eye damage, category 1

- **Health hazard**
  - Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2
  - Reproductive toxicity, category 2
  - Specific target organ toxicity following repeated exposure, category 1

Acute Oral Tox. 2
Acute Dermal Tox. 1
Skin Corr. 1B
Eye corr. 1
Muta. 2
Repr. 2
STOT RE 1
Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 1

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
Fatally if swallowed
Fatal in contact with skin
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Suspected of causing genetic defects
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements:
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
Keep out of reach of children
Read label before use
Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
Wash skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Avoid release to the environment
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Collect spillage
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Specific measures (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)
Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
Store locked up
Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Non-GHS Classification:

WHMIS

D1A
D2A
E

NFPA/HMIS
Safety Data Sheet
according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date : 01.31.2015

Mercuric Chloride,ACS

SECTION 3 : Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS 7487-94-7</th>
<th>Mercuric chloride</th>
<th>100 %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Percentages are by weight

SECTION 4 : First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation: Move exposed to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Loosen clothing and place exposed in a comfortable position. Seek medical assistance if cough or other symptoms appear.

After skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Flush exposed eye gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses while rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

After swallowing: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately and call Poison Control Center

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:


Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically. The concentration of mercury in whole blood is a reasonable measure of the body burden of mercury and thus is used for monitoring purposes. The use of Dimercaprol or BAL (British AntiLewisite), or d-Penicillamine as a chelating agent should be determined by qualified medical personnel. Persons with kidney disease, chronic respiratory disease, liver disease, or skin disease may be at increased risk. Get medical aid immediately and call Poison Control Center

SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: Use water, dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:
Mercuric Chloride,ACS

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:
Irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Hydrogen chloride gas, Mercury/mercury oxides.

Advice for firefighters:
Protective equipment: Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.
Additional information (precautions): Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

SECTION 6 : Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure that air-handling systems are operational. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental precautions:
Should not be released into the environment. Prevent from reaching drains, sewer, or waterway.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8. Always obey local regulations. If necessary use trained response staff or contractor. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Containerize for disposal. Refer to Section 13. Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal.

Reference to other sections:

SECTION 7 : Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:
Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8. Follow proper disposal methods. Refer to Section 13. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Do not breathe dust, mist, or vapor. Do not ingest or inhale. Extreme care should always be taken to prevent skin and gastrointestinal absorption because these routes of entry can greatly increase the total body burden.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters: 7487-94-7, Mercuric chloride, ACGIH TLV TWA 0.025 mg/m3
Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.
Respiratory protection: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. When necessary use NIOSH approved breathing equipment.

Protection of skin: Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Select glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Wear protective clothing.

Eye protection: Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU). Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection.

General hygienic measures: Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Before reweearing wash contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9 : Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance (physical state, color)</td>
<td>White Crystals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limit lower</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limit upper</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Odorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH-value</td>
<td>4.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting/Freezing point</td>
<td>277 °C (531 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point/Boiling range</td>
<td>302 °C (576 °F) at 1,013 hPa (760 mmHg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point (closed cup)</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gaseous)</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>Not Determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Nonreactive under normal conditions.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possible hazardous reactions: None under normal processing.
Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, ammonia, copper, iron, silver salts, potassium, antimony, sodium, lead, hypophosphites, formates, sulfites, phosphates, albumin, gelatin, alkalies, alkaloid salts, lime water, arsenic, bromides, borax, carbonates, reduced iron, infusions of cinchona, columbo, oak bark or senna, tannic acid, metallic halides, vegetable astringents.
Hazardous decomposition products: Mercury/mercury oxides, chloride fumes.
SECTION 11 : Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oral</th>
<th>7487-94-7 (Mercuric Chloride)</th>
<th>LD50 Rat: 41 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>7487-94-7</td>
<td>Extremely hazardous in case of ingestion, of inhalation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>7487-94-7</td>
<td>Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>7487-94-7</td>
<td>Causes gastrointestinal tract burns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>7487-94-7</td>
<td>Inhalation of dust will produce irritation to gastro-intestinal or respiratory tract, characterized by burning, sneezing and coughing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>7487-94-7</td>
<td>LD50 oral-rat: = 1 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chronic Toxicity:

| Oral          | 7487-94-7                     | Chronic mercury poisoning involves kidney damage, visual defects, tremor, and severe psychological changes. The brain is the critical organ for chronic mercury poisoning. The half-life of mercury in the brain is 10 years |

Corrosion Irritation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ocular</th>
<th>7487-94-7 (Mercuric Chloride)</th>
<th>Rabbit: Severe eye irritation - 24 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>7487-94-7 (Mercuric Chloride)</td>
<td>Rabbit: Skin Irritation - 24 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization: No additional information.

Single Target Organ (STOT): Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause kidney damage. May cause central nervous system effects

Numerical Measures: No additional information.

Carcinogenicity: IARC:: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Mercuric chloride)

Mutagenicity: have occurred in experimental animals.

Reproductive Toxicity: Overexposure may cause reproductive disorder(s) based on tests with laboratory animals.Suspected human reproductive toxicant. May impair fertility or cause harm to an unborn child.

SECTION 12 : Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Created by Global Safety Management, Inc. -Tel: 1-813-435-5161 - www.gsmsds.com
Fish LOEC - Lates calcarifer - 0.113 mg/l - 96.0 h: 7487-94-7 (Mercuric Chloride)
Invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.002 mg/l - 48 h: 7487-94-7 (Mercuric Chloride)

Persistence and degradability: Compound decomposes to metallic mercury when in contact with organic matter and sunlight.
Bioaccumulative potential: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 5,680
Mobility in soil:
Other adverse effects:

SECTION 13 : Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:
Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of empty containers as unused product. Product or containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification.

SECTION 14 : Transport information

UN-Number
1624
UN proper shipping name
Mercuric chloride
Transport hazard class(es)
Class: 6.1 Toxic substances
Packing group: II
Environmental hazard:
Transport in bulk:
Special precautions for user:

SECTION 15 : Regulatory information

United States (USA)
SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):
Reactive, Acute, Chronic
SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):
7487-94-7 Mercuric chloride
7487-94-7 Mercury compounds (N458)
RCRA (hazardous waste code):
None of the ingredients is listed
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):
All ingredients are listed.
CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):
7487-94-7 Mercury compounds (N458) No RQ assigned

Proposition 65 (California):
Mercuric Chloride,ACS

Chemicals known to cause cancer:
None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:
None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:
None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:
7487-94-7 Mercuric Chloride

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):
All ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):
7487-94-7 Mercuric Chloride

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):
None of the ingredients is listed

SECTION 16 : Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Note: The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Abbreviations and acronyms:
Permeator: A permeator is a chemical which can pass through the outer protective dermal layers and into the body, and can either expose the body to toxic effects of that chemical OR act as a carrier for other toxic/hazardous chemicals.

Effective date: 01.31.2015
Last updated: 03.19.2015